Year 2 – Lesson Plan 1 - ART

What Happens When Colours Mix?

Aim:	Key Words: Preparation:	
To explore how primary colours	primary	• Red, blue, and yellow paint
can be mixed to create	 secondary 	 Mixing trays or palettes
secondary colours and to	• mix	 Paintbrushes or sponges
experiment with colour blending.	 colour wheel 	 Paper towels and aprons
	blend	White paper (thicker paper
		for painting)

Prior Learning: Children will have experience using paint to apply single colours to paper.

WC / PT	<u>Warm-up:</u> Show three paint blobs (red, blue, yellow). Ask: <i>What do we call these colours?</i> What might happen if we mix them? Invite predictions.	0-5 mins
WC	Main Teach: Introduce the idea of primary and secondary colours. Demonstrate how to mix red + blue, blue + yellow, and red + yellow. Show the results and label them.	5-10 mins
I / S	Activity: Children mix paints themselves to create orange, green, and purple. Then use the mixed colours to paint a picture of their own design (e.g. a rainbow, garden, animal).	10-30 mins
ı	Extension Challenge: Children experiment with adding more or less of each colour to create different shades (e.g. light green, dark orange).	30-35 mins
wc	Plenary: Show selected work and ask: Which colour surprised you the most? What did you discover when mixing?	35-40 mins

 $WC-Whole\ Class$ PT — Partner Talk I — Independent S - Support

Challenge A	Make a colour wheel using paint, crayons or collage materials.
Challenge B Write a short poem about your favourite colour and what it reminds you of.	